# Terrestrial Invasive Plants Rules to Control their Sale

Gary Fish
Maine State Horticulturist

gary.fish@maine.gov

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/php/horticulture/invasiveplants.shtml



# History of Invasive Plant Outreach in Maine

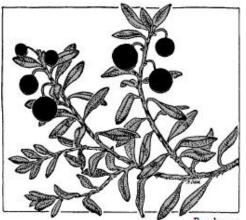
### \* Non-Governmental Action

- \* 1996 Josselyn Botanical Society letter to industry
- \* 1997 Invasive plant session at the MELNA annual meeting survey indicated need for alternatives and education
- 1999 Gardening to Conserve brochure developed and distributed by garden centers
- 2001 Factsheets developed and distributed to landscapers
- \* 2009 MELNA recertification manual includes a section on invasive plants

UMCE Bulletin #2500

Gardening to Conserve Maine's Native Landscape:

Plants to Use and Plants to Avoid







# History of Invasive Plant Outreach in Maine

### \* Governmental Action

- \* 2007 DACF is directed by the legislature to study invasive terrestrial plants, the Commissioner appoints a stakeholder group
- \* 2008 The report from the Commissioner appointed committee studying invasive terrestrial plants is presented to the legislature
- \* 2011 A new rule, Chapter 273, is adopted outlining the criteria for listing invasive terrestrial plants

Report to the Second Regular Session of the 123rd Legislature

Resolve 2007, Chapter 21

"Resolve, Directing the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources to Study Invasive Terrestrial Plant Species"

Submitted by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resource

Enhance 1, 2005



# History of Invasive Plant Outreach in Maine

#### \* Governmental Action

- 2014 formed an Invasive Plant Scientific Advisory Committee (IP-SAC) for the DACF
- \* 2015 The Invasive Terrestrial Plants Workgroup finishes review of 38 plants to see if they meet the criteria set forth in the 2011 rule.
  - \* Thirty-three of the 38 plants were found to meet the criteria and five did not
- \* 2016 DACF proposes changes to Ch. 273 Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants to restrict the sale or distribution of the 33 plants found to meet the criteria



# How Chapter 273 Was Amended

- \* Some definitions were wordsmithed a bit
- \* Definitions were added for:
  - \* Native plant;
  - \* Naturalized plant; and
  - \* Species
- \* The listing criteria were streamlined



# How Chapter 273 Was Amended

- \* The list of:
  - \* 15 "Invasive" plants;
  - \* 12 "Likely Invasive" plants; and
  - \* 6 "Potentially Invasive" plants
- \* Prohibitions and restrictions
- \* A one year transition clause
- \* Variances allowed
- \* A promise for periodic review





### The List

- \* The list only includes species that are found in commerce. (some are horticultural hitchhikers)
  - \* We can only regulate the import, export, purchase, sale or intentional propagation of these plants
  - \* We don't have the resources to stop people from moving them around intentionally or unintentionally
  - We don't have the resources to demand that people remove them



# The list of 33 Plants

Scientific name	Common name	Scientific name	Common name
Acer ginnala	Amur Maple	Hesperius matronalis	Dame's Rocket
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple	Impatiens glandulifera	Ornamental Jewelweed
Aegopodium podagraria	Bishop's Weed	Iris pseudacorus	Yellow Iris
Ailanthus altissima	Tree of Heaven	Ligustrum vulgare	Common Privet
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard*	Lonicera japonica	Japanese Honeysuckle
Amorpha fruticosa	False Indigo Bush	Lonicera maackii	Amur or Bush Honeysuckle
Ampelopsis glandulosa	Porcelain Berry	Lonicera morrowii	Morrow's Honeysuckle
Artemisia vulgaris	Common Mugwort	Lonicera tatarica	Tartarian Honeysuckle
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry	Lythrum salicaria	Purple Loosestrife
Berberis vulgaris	Common Barberry	Microstegium vimineum	Japanese Stilt Grass*
Celastrus orbiculatus	Asiatic Bittersweet	Paulownia tomentosa	Paulownia
Elaeagnus umbellata	Autumn Olive	Persicaria perfoliata	Mile a Minute Weed*
Euonymus alatus	Winged Euonymus	Phellodendron amurense	Amur Cork Tree
Euphorbia cyparissias	Cypress Spurge	Populus alba	White Cottonwood
Fallopia baldschuanica	Chinese Bindweed	Robinia pseudoacacia	Black Locust
Fallopia japonica	Japanese Knotweed	Rosa multiflora	Multiflora Rose
Frangula alnus	Glossy buckthorn	* 11 0 mt; c. 11 0 mal bit clab	

<sup>\*</sup> Horticultural hitchhikers

## Did Not Make The List

- \* Five plants were evaluated by the Workgroup which were not added to the current list:
  - \* Rugosa rose
  - \* Western lupine
  - Hardy kiwi
  - \* Common valerian
  - \* Callery ("Bradford") pear









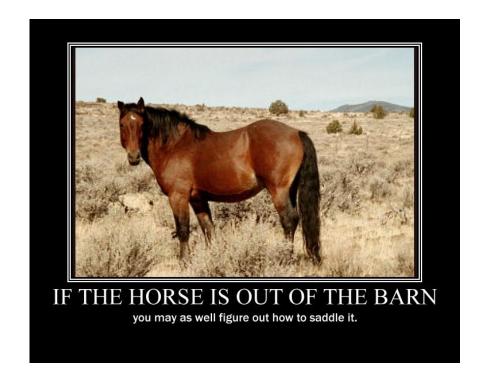
### **Public Comments**

- There were 161 commenters, only 6 at the public hearing
  - \* about 124 were simply in support of the proposed rule as written, and
  - \* 11 commenters suggested revisions to the rule
    - \* Define "propagation" so it only means intentional propagation
    - \* Extend the transition period to 2 or 3 years
    - \* Five commenters suggested removing plants from the list including:
      - \* Burning bush (Rudy Haag)
      - \* Crimson King Maple
      - Japanese barberry ("sterile" cultivars)
      - \* Black locust
      - \* Autumn olive
      - \* Paulownia



### Substantive Comments

- Regulate plants differently depending on the hardiness zone
- \* Many comments on economic and environmental costs
- \* Many comments regarding the need for a big educational component
- \* Many comments on the need to include requirements to eradicate the plants, "horse is out of the barn..."



### **Substantive Comments**

### A few commented on the need to add plants to the list

- \* Tree lilac
- \* Littleleaf linden
- \* European mountain ash
- Capitata yew
- Rugosa rose
- \* Amur maple
- \* Sycamore maple
- Callery pear

- \* Tallhedge buckthorn(already listed)
- \* Black swallowwort
- \* Pale swallowwort
- \* Phragmites
- \* Perennial pepperweed
- \* Marijuana 😊

# The Rest of the Rulemaking Process

- \* We reviewed all the comments and decided if there was any basis for additional amendments to the proposal
- \* The majority supported the rule as proposed
- \* We did make one adjustment.
  - \* Added intentionally propagate for sale or distribution



# Rule became effective on 1/14/17

- \* The final rule, the basis statement and the response to all the comments was approved by the Governor's office, Assistant Attorney General and filed with the Secretary of State's Office
- \* The final rule was published by the Secretary of State's office on 1/18/2017

ADOPTIONS <a href="http://www.maine.gov/sos/cec/rules/notices/2017/011817.html">http://www.maine.gov/sos/cec/rules/notices/2017/011817.html</a>

AGENCY: 01-001 - Department of Agriculture, Conservation & Forestry (DACF) CHAPTER NUMBER AND TITLE: Ch. 273, Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants ADOPTEDRULENUMBER: 2017-003

CONCISE SUMMARY: This chapter establishes criteria to be used in evaluating non-native terrestrial invasive plants that could have adverse impacts on the Maine landscape. It also establishes the list of plants that are evaluated and meet the criteria and the restrictions on the distribution and sale of those plants.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 14, 2017



# Next Steps

- \* Now that the rule is final:
  - Go on tour explaining the rules to many groups
  - Develop outreach and educational tools
  - Develop a process for petitioning new listings or exemptions for certain cultivars
  - \* Enforcement

#### MAINE INVASIVE PLANT NOMINATION FORM

#### Guidelines for Submitting a Candidate Species for Consideration for the Do Not Sell List

Note: Please be familiar with the Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants which is available online at: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/dacf/php/horticulture/invasiveplants.shtml">http://www.maine.gov/dacf/php/horticulture/invasiveplants.shtml</a> Only terrestrial and wetland plants which are not native to Maine may be considered. In addition, the purpose of the Do Not Sell list is to prohibit the sale of listed species and their cultivars; therefore, a species must be sold in the horticulture trade to be considered.

Please provide the following information about the species you are submitting for consideration:

- Scientific name
- 2. Common name
- 3. Native range and reference book or other source used to determine the native range.
- Is this species naturalized in a near naturalized in a near naturalized.

#### Request to Exempt a Specific Cultivar from CMR 01-001 Chapter 273 Restrictions

Complete this form and submit it to the Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Horticulture Program. SHS 28, Augusta, Maine 04333 horticulture@maine.gov

Requested cultivar to be assessed:	
Species:	
Date of request:	
Person making the request:	
Name:	
Organization/Company	
Address	
City/State/Zip:	
Telephone:	
Email:	

View complete list of invasive plants in CMR 01-001Chapter 273 to make sure the species you are referring to is currently prohibited from sale.

Please answer the following questions and include significant scientific research and analysis. The more detail you can provide us the better.

## Outreach Resources – Fact Sheet

#### 33 Invasive Plants Prohibited from Sale in Maine What you need to Know



In January 2017 changes were adopted to CMR 01-001 Chapter 273: Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants. These changes make it illegal to sell, import, export, buy or intentionally propagate for sale the 33 plant species listed below.

Acer ginnala (amur maple) Acer platanoides (Norway maple) Aegopodium podagraria (bishop's weed) Ailanthus altissima (tree of heaven) Alliaria petiolata (garlic mustard) Amorpha fruticosa (false indigo bush) Ampelopsis glandulosa (porcelain berry) Artemisia vulgaris (common mugwort) Berberis thunbergii (Japanese barberry) Berberis vulgaris (common barberry) Celastrus orbiculatus (Asiatic bittersweet) Elaeagnus umbellata (Autumn olive) Euonymus alatus (winged euonymus) Euphorbia cyparissas (cypress spurge) Fallopia baldschuanica (Chinese bindweed) Fallopia japonica (Japanese knotweed) Frangula alnus (glossy buckthorn)

Hesperis matronalis (dame's rocket) Impatiens glandulifera (omamental jewelweed) Iris pseudacorus (yellow iris) Ligustrum vulgare (common privet) Lonicera japonica (Japanese honeysuckle) Lonicera maackii (amur or bush honeysuckle) Lonicera morrowii (Morrow's honeysuckle) Lonicera tatarica (Tatarian honeysuckle) Lythrum salicaria (purple loosestrife) Microstegium vimineum (Japanese stilt grass) Paulownia tomentosa (paulownia, princess tree) Persicaria perfoliata (mile-a-minute) Phellodendron amurense (amur cork tree) Populus alba (white cottonwood) Robinia pseudoacacia (black locust) Rosa multiflora (multiflora rose)

#### **Quick Facts**

- Businesses selling plants have until January 1, 2018 to sell any remaining plants.
- . The ban includes the listed species and all cultivars, varieties and hybrids.
- Variances may be applied for and granted for scientific research and for varieties, cultivars or hybrids that have been shown to not be invasive through peer reviewed scientific research.
- The invasive plant rule and included prohibited plant list will be reviewed every 5 years.

FOR MORE INFORMATION:
MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
CONSERVATION AND FORSESTED
DIVISION OF ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH
28 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, ME 04333
207-287-3891
HORTICULTURE MIMANE GOV

## Outreach Resources - Poster



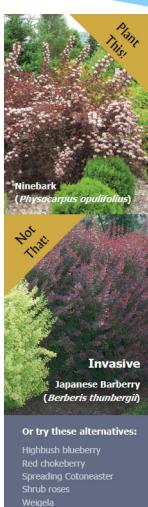
maine.gov/dacf/php/horticulture/documents/InvasivePlantPoster.pdf

## Outreach Resources - Bookmarks



#### Or try these alternatives:

Virginia sweetspire





#### Or try these alternatives:

American bittersweet Virginia creeper



Maine prohibits the sale\* of 33 terrestrial invasive plant species

#### Invasive plants:

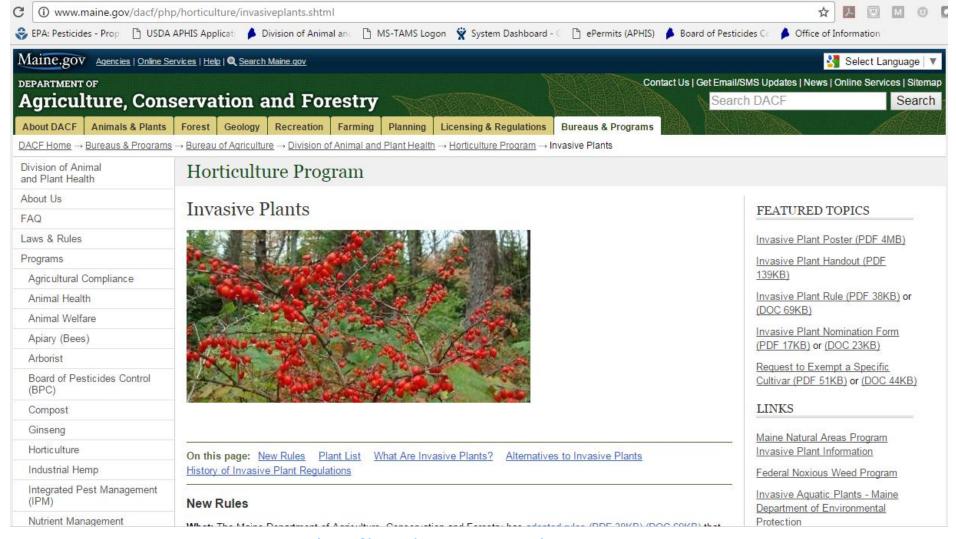
- · Are not native to Maine,
- · Have spread or have the potential to spread into forests, fields and natural areas,
- · Cause harm by developing populations that negatively impact the environment, economy or human health.

#### Learn more at:





### Outreach Resources - Website



maine.gov/dacf/php/horticulture/invasiveplants.shtml

# That All Folks!

# \*Questions?