2023 PEST MANAGEMENT GUIDE: DISEASE



Cultural Disease Management

DISEASES MANAGED	Метнор	COMMENTS			
	Fire Pruning, use efficient harvesting techniques.				
Mummy Berry, Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi	Mulching with material to a depth of 2" to 3" before crop emergence to prevent mummy berries from germinating.	Burn pruning can decrease approximately 50% of mummy berries (pseudosclerotia). If litter is too wet, then sanitation will be incomplete.			
	Reducing the number of infected fruits on the ground by composting or disposing of winnower refuse away from the field can reduce mummy berries in the field.	Mulching under clones with lots of mummy berries visible at harvest can decrease inoculum for following years.			
Blossom and Twig Blight, Botrytis cinerea	None.	Fungus can attack hundreds of plants; scouting of early blooming clones is important.			
Valdensia leaf spot, <i>Valdensia heterodoxa (</i> formerly <i>Valdensinia</i>)	Intensive Fire Pruning, destroying ALL leaf litter of infected area and within 10' of infection. Clean equipment, shoes & clothing; avoid entering infected areas when wet. Clean equipment between fields.	All leaf litter must be burned to ensure eradication of fungus. The spores are not carried by wind or water, but can be transported on leaf contaminated equipment, clothing or shoes.			
"False Valdensia" (fungus not yet identified")	ensia" (fungus not yet identified") Fire pruning to decrease infected plant material.				
Red-Leaf, Exobasidium vaccinii	Avoid spreading spores (white patches on the underside of infected leaves) by not walking through diseased areas from approximately middle of June through August.	Spores may further spread by disturbing infected tissue when it is producing spores.			
Exobasidium leaf and fruit spot, <i>Exobasidium maculosum</i>	Fire pruning to decrease infected plant material. Avoid spreading spores (white patches on underside of lesions on leaves by not walking through diseased areas from approximately middle of July through August.				
Sphaerulina Leaf–Spot, Sphaerulina (old name Septoria)	Fire pruning to decrease infected plant material.				
Powdery Mildew, Erysiphe (formerly Microsphaera)	Fire pruning to decrease infected plant material.				
Leaf Rust, Thekopsora	Fire pruning to decrease infected plant material.				
Stem Blight, <i>Phomopsis</i> or <i>Godronia</i>	None at this time.				

Chemical Disease Management

NOTE: THIS CHART IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR READING AND FOLLOWING THE LABEL. It is unlawful to use any pesticide for other than the registered use. Read and follow the label on the product container. The user assumes all responsibility for use inconsistent with the label. Trade names are used for identification. No product endorsement is implied, nor is discrimination intended against similar materials. Cooperative Extension makes no warranty or guarantee of any kind concerning the use of these products. Check with your processor regarding PHI restrictions or MRL restrictions for export sales.



Extremely toxic to fish



Extremely toxic to bees



Extremely toxic to birds Moderately toxic to birds



Extremely toxic to people

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Moderately toxic to fish

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FUNGICIDES

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GROUP ¹ Use ² & Toxicity		Fungicide & Signal	ACTIVE INGREDIENT	TIMING: CROP CYCLE	RATE: PER/ACRE & MAX/ACRE/YR	PHI Days	REI Hours	Notes ³ (Locally Systemic, LOS; Non-Systemic, NS; Systemic, S), Dimethyl Inhibition = DMI		
3		*	Indar 2F (WARNING)	fenbuconazole	Скор	6 oz Max: 4 app; 24 oz (0.75 Ib ai)	30	12	Apply with 1% v/v COC. Apply at green tip/when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 8 to 14 days following the calendar method. DMI, LOS	
	МВ		Quash (CAUTION)	metaconazole	Скор	2.5 oz Max: 3 app, 7.5 oz (0.234 lb ai); 2 sequential app	7	12	Apply at green tip when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7-14 days following the calendar method. DMI, LOS	
		-	Bumper;Tilt (WARNING)	propiconazole	Скор	6 oz Max: 30 oz (0.84 lb ai all propiconazole products); 2 seq. app	30	12	Apply at green tip/when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7 to 10 days following the calendar method. DMI, LOS	
	MB LS VLS	: <u>=</u>	Proline 480 SC (CAUTION)	prothioconazole	PRUNE OR CROP	5.7 oz Max: 2 app; 11.4 oz (0.356 lb ai);	7	12	For MB, apply at green tip when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7 to 10 days following the calendar method. For LS, apply before disease onset and then every 7 to 10 days. DMI, LOS	
3 & 9	LS	•	Inspire Super (CAUTION)	cyprodinil and difenoconazole	PRUNE	16 to 20 oz Max: 80 oz (1.3 lb ai of cyprodinil; 0.46 lb of difenoconazole)	0	12	Apply before disease onset. Apply on a 7 to 14-day schedule with no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action DMI , LOS	
3 & 11	МВ		Quilt Xcel (WARNING)	azoxystrobin & propiconazole	CROP	14 to 21 oz Max: 3 app; 21 oz per app; 63 oz per yr (0.84 lb ai propiconazole and 0.75 lb ai azoxystrobin); 2 seq. app	30	12	Apply at green tip when >30% of flowers buds are at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7-10 days following the calendar method. Avoid adjuvants with silicone. DMI, LOS	
	LS		Aprovia (Danger)	benzovindiflupyr	PRUNE/CR OP	10.5 oz Max: 2 app; 21 oz (0.136 lb ai all benzovindiflupyr)	1	12	For LS, apply at first sign of disease. NIS or vegetable-based COC recommended and second application can be made 10 to 14 days later. Do not mix with oxidizing agents. LOS	
7	LS	•	Kenja 400SC (CAUTION)	Isofetamid	Prune	13.5 to 15.5 fl oz Max: 54 fl oz; 1.4 lb ai; 2 seq. app		12	Start applications prior to disease development and continue on 14-day interval if necessary. LOS	
	МВ	•	Fontelis (CAUTION)	penthiopyrad	Скор	16 to 24 oz Max: 72 oz per year; 24 oz per app; 2 seq. app	0	12	Apply at green tip/when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7 to 14 days following the calendar method. LOS	
7 & 9	МВ		Luna Tranquility (Caution)	fluopyram and pyrimethanil	Скор	13.6 to 27 oz Max: 54.7 oz per year, 2 seq. app (0.446 lb ai all fluopyram products, 2.1 lb ai all pyrimethanil products)	0	12	Apply at green tip/when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7 to 14 days following the calendar method. LOS	
7 & 11	МВ		Pristine (CAUTION)	pyraclostrobin & boscalid	Спор	18.5 oz Max: 4 app; 92 oz per yr; 23 oz per app* (for all Group 7 or 11 products); 2 seq. app	0	12	Apply at green tip/when >30% stems have blossoms at crown stage for mummy berry. Follow the mummy berry forecast method to time applications or apply every 7 to 10 days following the calendar method. Avoid applying during bloom when bees are present. May only be applied with water as the carrier and only be tank mixed with captan.	
9 & 12	ВВВ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Switch 62.5 WG (CAUTION)	cyprodinil & fludioxonil	CROP	11 to 14 oz Max: 56 oz (1.3 lb ai cypronidil, 0.9 lb ai fludioxonil); 2 consecutive app	0	12	Apply when Botrytis symptoms seen in early clones and at 7 to 10-day intervals when conditions favor disease development. S	
17	BBB		Elevate 50 WDG (CAUTION)	fenhexamid	Скор	1.5 lb Max: 6 lb (3 lb ai all fenhexamid products)	0	12	Apply at 10% bloom for Botrytis when symptoms seen in early clones. Apply every 7-10 days when conditions favor disease development, but no more than 2 consecutive applications. LOS	
M4 & 17	BBB		CaptEvate 68 WDG (DANGER)	captan & fenhexamid	Скор	3.5 to 4.7 lb Max: 21 lbs (14.3 lb ai; 3 lb ai fenhexamid, 35 lb ai captan)	0	48	Apply at 10% bloom for Botrytis when symptoms seen in early clones. Repeat every 7-10 days through petal fall. Do not make more than 2 consecutive applications. NS	
M5	LS	ŤŤ	Bravo WeatherStik; Equus 720 SST (WARNING)	chlorothalonil	PRUNE	3 to 4 pt Max: 12 pt (9 lb ai all chlorothalonil)	42	12	Apply in prune year for Septoria (Sphaerulina) leafspot or leaf rust at 10-day minimum intervals. Do not add pesticides, fertilizers, or adjuvants unless tested, as phytotoxicity may result. Do not mix with Dipel, Foil, Triton or Latron. Do not apply after full bloom or may damage developing fruit. High runoff potential for several days to weeks. NS	
44	MB BBB		Serenade ASO (CAUTION)	Bacillus subtilis	Скор	2 to 4 qt Max:	0	4	For <i>Monilinia</i> suppression, begin application at bud break and repeat every 7-10 days as needed. For Septoria (Sphaerulina) leafspot or leaf rust, begin application prior to disease and repeat every 7-10 days, up to harvest. Spray solution should be pH 4.5-8.5. NS	

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PLEASE NOTE: THIS REVISED VERSION REPLACES ANY PREVIOUS CHARTS.

¹To reduce the likelihood of fungicide resistance developing in target fungi, growers should rotate between fungicides with different group numbers, ideally using multiple group numbers. Products with the same group number should not be used in consecutive sprays.

²MB = Mummy Berry, BBB = Botrytis Blossom Blight, LS = Leaf Spots (powdery mildew and Sphaerulina (Septoria) leaf spot and leaf rust), VLS = Valdensia Leaf Spot

³Some fungicide products move locally through leaves and are therefore locally systemic. LOS = Locally Systemic, NS = Not Systemic, S= Systemic. The mode of action for Group 3 fungicides is Demethylation Inhibition = DMI.

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